## CLAIMS

1. An epoxy compound represented by the formula (1):

$$R^{2}$$
  $R^{3}$   $Q^{1}$   $Q^{1}$   $Q^{1}$   $Q^{2}$   $Q^{2}$   $Q^{2}$   $Q^{6}$  (1)

wherein

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 ${\rm Ar}^1$ ,  ${\rm Ar}^2$  and  ${\rm Ar}^3$  are the same or different and each denotes any one of divalent groups represented by the following formulas:

$$(R)_{a} \qquad (R)_{b} \qquad (R)_{c} \qquad (R)_{d}$$

$$(R)_{e} \qquad (R)_{f} \qquad (R)_{g} \qquad (R)_{h}$$

in which R denotes a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, a denotes an integer of 1 to 8, b, e and g denote an integer of 1 to 6, c denotes an integer of 1 to 7, d and h denote an integer of 1 to 4, and f denotes an integer of 1 to 5, and when more than one R exists in said divalent group, all of R may be the same group or different groups;

 $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$  and  $R^6$  are the same or different and each denotes a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms;

 $\mathbf{Q}^1$  and  $\mathbf{Q}^2$  are the same or different and each denotes a

straight-chain alkylene group of 1 to 9 carbon atoms, in which methylene groups composing the straight-chain alkylene group are optionally substituted with an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms and -0- or  $-N(R^7)-$  is optionally inserted between the methylene groups, in which  $R^7$  denotes a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms.

2. The epoxy compound according to Claim 1, which is represented by the formula (2):

wherein

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 ${\rm Ar}^4$  denotes any one of divalent groups represented by the following formulas:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} (R)_a & (R)_c & (R)_h \\ \hline \end{array}$$

R,  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$ , a, c and h are as defined above; and

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Q}}^3$  denotes any one of groups represented by the following formulas:

$$-(CH_2)_m$$
  $-(CH_2)_p$   $-(CH_2)_q$ 

in which m denotes an integer of 1 to 9, p and q denote an

integer of 1 to 8, and the sum of p and q is 9 or less, and methylene groups composing the group represented by  $Q^3$  are optionally substituted with an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms.

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- 3. The epoxy compound according to Claim 2, wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$  and  $R^6$  are hydrogen atoms.
- 4. A method for producing an epoxy compound represented by the following formula (1):

$$R^{1}$$
  $Q^{1}$   $Q^{1}$   $Q^{1}$   $Q^{1}$   $Q^{2}$   $Q^{2}$   $Q^{2}$   $Q^{6}$   $Q^{6}$ 

wherein  $Ar^1$ ,  $Ar^2$ ,  $Ar^3$ ,  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$ ,  $Q^1$  and  $Q^2$  each are as defined below, which comprises reacting a compound represented by the formula (3):

$$HO - Ar^{1} - Ar^{2} - Ar^{3} - OH$$
 (3)

wherein  $\mathrm{Ar}^1$ ,  $\mathrm{Ar}^2$  and  $\mathrm{Ar}^3$  are the same or different and each denotes any one of divalent groups represented by the following formulas:

in which R denotes a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, a denotes an integer of 1 to 8, b, e and g denote an integer of 1 to 6, c denotes an integer of 1 to 7, d and h denote an integer of 1 to 4, and f denotes an integer of 1 to 5, and when more than one R exists in said divalent group, all of R may be the same group or different groups; a compound represented by the formula (4):

wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are the same or different and each denotes a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms,  $Q^1$  denotes a straight-chain alkylene group of 1 to 9 carbon atoms, in which methylene groups composing the straight-chain alkylene group are optionally substituted with an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms and -O- or -  $N(R^7)$ - is optionally inserted between the methylene groups, in which  $R^7$  denotes a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, and  $X^1$  denotes a halogen atom; and a compound represented by the following formula (5):

wherein  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$  and  $R^6$  are the same or different and each

denotes a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms,  $Q^2$  denotes a straight-chain alkylene group of 1 to 9 carbon atoms, in which methylene groups composing the straight-chain alkylene group are optionally substituted with an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms and -O- or -  $N(R^7)$ - is optionally inserted between the methylene groups, in which  $R^7$  denotes a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, and  $X^2$  denotes a halogen atom, in the presence of a base.

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- 5. An epoxy composition comprising the epoxy compound according to any one of Claims 1 to 3 and a curing agent.
- 6. The epoxy composition according to Claim 5, wherein the curing agent is 4,4'-diaminodiphenylmethane, 4,4'-diaminodiphenylethane, 1,5-diaminonaphthalene or p-phenylenediamine.
- 7. A cured epoxy resin obtained by curing the epoxy composition according to Claim 5 or 6.
  - 8. A prepreg obtained by applying or impregnating the epoxy composition according to Claim 5 or 6 to or into a base material, followed by semi-curing.